

1. **Function Families**

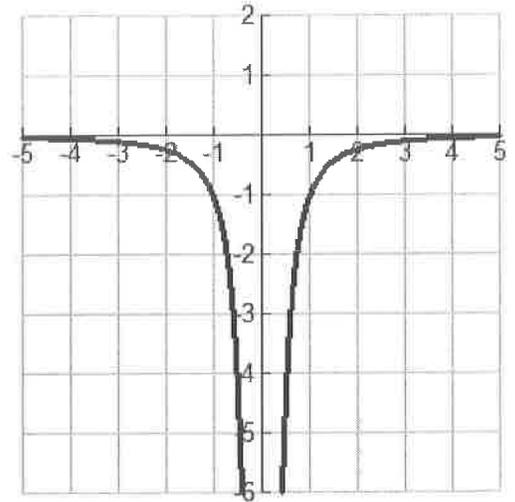
Given a function or graph, find the domain, range, symmetries, degree and type of function family.

Domain:
 $x \neq 0$

Range:
 $y < 0$

Symmetry:
even

Type of function:
negative
reciprocal



2. **Function Operations**

Given two functions, calculate arithmetic operations and the composition of the functions.

$$t(x) = 3x - 10$$

$$j(x) = x^2 + 2x + 5$$

Calculate the following:

$$\begin{aligned} [t + j](x) &= (3x - 10) + (x^2 + 2x + 5) \\ &= x^2 + 5x - 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} [t - j](x) &= (3x - 10) - (x^2 + 2x + 5) \\ &= -x^2 + x - 15 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} t(x) \cdot j(x) &= (3x - 10)(x^2 + 2x + 5) \\ &= 3x^3 - 10x^2 + 6x^2 - 20x + 15x - 50 \\ &= 3x^3 - 4x^2 - 5x - 50 \end{aligned}$$

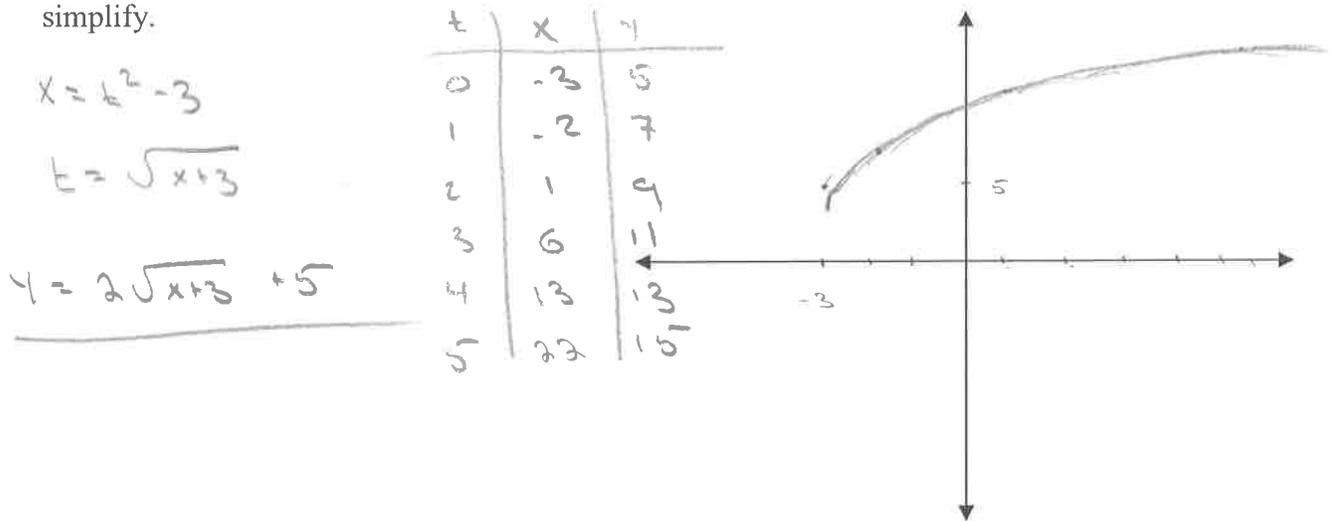
$$\begin{aligned} j(t(x)) &= (3x - 10)^2 + 2(3x - 10) + 5 \\ &= 9x^2 - 60x + 100 + 6x - 20 + 5 \\ &= 9x^2 - 54x + 85 \end{aligned}$$

3. Parametric Equations

Use parametric equation to construct a graph. Convert parametric equations to rectangular form.

$$\begin{cases} x(t) = t^2 - 3 \\ y(t) = 2t + 5 \end{cases}$$

Graph the equations over the interval $0 \leq t \leq 5$ then convert the equations to rectangular form & simplify.



4. Chunking/u-substitution

Solve for x.

$$5e^{2x} - 9e^x - 10 = 2e^{2x} + 4e^x$$

$$3e^{2x} - 13e^x - 10 = 0$$

$$(3e^x + 2)(e^x - 5) = 0$$

$$e^x = -\frac{2}{3}$$

No solution

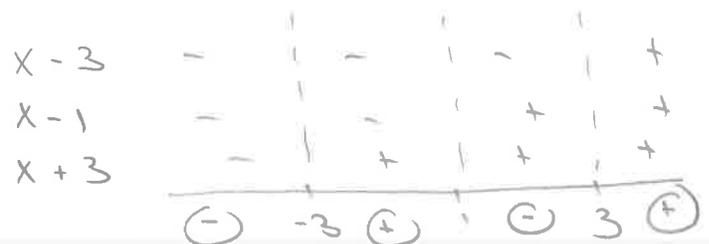
$$e^x = 5$$

$x = \ln 5$

5. Number Line Analysis

Solve the inequality below.

$$\frac{(x-3)(x-1)}{x+3} \leq 0$$



$x < -3$ or $1 \leq x \leq 3$

6. Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences and Series including Sigma Notation

Study your 1-6, 1-7 and 1-8 material & look over the quiz you just took!